REMARKS

In this Response, Applicant amends claims 1 and 6, and cancels claim 11. No new matter has been added. Support for the claim amendments can be found at least in previously presented claim 11.

Claims 1-10 and 12 are currently pending, of which claims 1 and 6 are independent. Applicant respectfully submits that all of the pending claims are in condition for allowance.

I. The Claimed Invention

Exemplary embodiments of the claimed invention provide a stack (12) of a polymer electrolyte fuel cell (10) which is immersed, in a stack container case (14), in a liquid coolant (108) such as an organic solvent, and the stack is operated in this state. The stack (12) whose temperature has risen by heat energy produced by the operation is cooled by the liquid coolant (108). The liquid coolant (108) which has cooled the stack (12) vaporizes, and is condensed by a condenser (16). Then, the liquid coolant returns to the stack container case (14).

II. Double Patenting Rejection of Claims 1-12

Claims 1-12 are provisionally rejected on the grounds of non-statutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-9 of co-pending U.S. Patent Application No. 10/584,390. Applicant respectfully defers addressing the double patenting rejection until all other substantial issues are resolved in the instant application.

III. Rejection of Claims 1-6 and 11 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a)

Claims 1-6 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over JP 2002-190313 to Kususe (hereafter "Kususe") in view of U.S. Patent No. 3,741,292 to Aakalu et al. (hereafter "Aakalu"). Applicant respectfully traverses the 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) rejection of claims 1-6 and 11 for the reasons set forth below.

A. Claim 1

Applicant respectfully submits that the Kususe and Aakalu references, alone or in any combination, fail to disclose or suggest at least the following feature of independent claim 1: "a

plurality of protrusions protruding toward said stack are provided on an inner surface of said stack container case such that front ends of said plurality of protrusions surround said stack, and said protrusions are exposed from a surface of the liquid coolant."

The plurality of protrusions, currently recited in claim 1, were previously presented in claim 11. In the Office Action, the Examiner cites the Aakalu reference as disclosing or suggesting the plurality of protrusions previously presented in claim 11.

The Kususe reference discusses a fuel cell stack contained in a sealed container 12 and an electrically insulative liquid 4 filling a space around the stack in the sealed container 12. The electrically insulative liquid rises in temperature and is fed to an outside heat exchanger for cooling before it is returned to the sealed container 12. However, the Kususe reference does not disclose or suggest a plurality of protrusions provided on an inner surface of a stack container case such that front ends of the protrusions surround the stack. As such, the Kususe reference does not disclose or suggest "a plurality of protrusions protruding toward said stack are provided on an inner surface of said stack container case such that front ends of said plurality of protrusions surround said stack, and said protrusions are exposed from a surface of the liquid coolant," as recited in claim 1.

The addition of the Aakalu reference does not cure the shortcomings of the Kususe reference in disclosing or suggesting the above feature of claim 1.

The Aakalu reference discusses a container 18 containing a number of chips 12 of an electronic module 10. The container 18 is partially filled with a low-boiling point liquid 24. Fins 28 extend from a back wall 26 into the container 18. The fins 28 extend the same distance into the container 18 substantially filling the container 18.

In the Office Action, the Examiner cites the fins 28 discussed in the Aakalu reference as being analogous to the plurality of protrusions previously presented in claim 11. However, the fins 28 discussed in the Aakalu reference are not analogous to the plurality of protrusions recited in claim 1, because the fins 28 do <u>not surround a stack</u> of any kind. More specifically, the Aakalu reference does not disclose or suggest that the fins 28 are provided on an inner surface of a stack container case such that *front ends of the fins 28 surround a stack*. As such, the Aakalu reference does not disclose or suggest "a plurality of protrusions protruding toward said stack are

provided on an inner surface of said stack container case such that front ends of said plurality of protrusions surround said stack, and said protrusions are exposed from a surface of the liquid coolant," as recited in claim 1.

For at least the reasons set forth above, Applicant respectfully submits that the Kususe and Aakalu references, alone or in any combination, fail to disclose or suggest each and every feature of claim 1. Accordingly, Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration and withdrawal of the 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) rejection of claim 1.

B. Claims 2-5

Claims 2-5 depend from independent claim 1 and include all of the features of claim 1. For at least the reasons set forth above, Applicant respectfully submits that the Kususe and Aakalu references, alone or in any combination, fail to disclose or suggest each and every feature of claims 2-5. Accordingly, Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration and withdrawal of the 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) rejection of claims 2-5.

C. Claim 6

Applicant respectfully submits that the Kususe and Aakalu references, alone or in any combination, fail to disclose or suggest at least the following feature of independent claim 6: "a plurality of protrusions protruding toward said stack are provided on an inner surface of said stack container case such that front ends of said plurality of protrusions surround said stack, and said protrusions are exposed from a surface of the liquid coolant."

For at least the reasons set forth above in connection with claim 1, Applicant respectfully submits that the Kususe and Aakalu references, alone or in any combination, fail to disclose or suggest this feature of claim 6. Accordingly, Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration and withdrawal of the 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) rejection of claim 6.

D. Claim 11

Claim 11 is canceled. As such, the 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) rejection of claim 11 is moot.

IV. Rejection of Claims 7-10 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a)

Claims 7-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kususe in view of Aakalu and further in view of U.S. Patent Publication No. 2006/0088746 to Tuma et al. (hereafter "Tuma"). Applicant respectfully traverses the 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) rejection of claims 7-10 for the reasons set forth below.

Claims 7-10 depend from independent claim 6 and include all of the features of claim 6.

For at least the reasons set forth above in connection with claim 6, Applicant respectfully submits that the Kususe and Aakalu references, alone or in any combination, fail to disclose or suggest each and every feature of claims 7-10.

The addition of the Tuma reference does not cure the shortcomings of the Kususe and Aakalu references in disclosing or suggesting the above feature of claims 7-10.

The Tuma reference discusses fluid transport layers (FTL) that facilitate gas transport to and from the anode and cathode electrode materials and conduct electrical current. The FTL may be coated or impregnated with various materials, including carbon particle coatings, hydrophilizing treatments, and hydrophobizing treatments such as coating with polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE).

However, the Tuma reference does not disclose or suggest a plurality of protrusions provided on an inner surface of a stack container case such that front ends of the protrusions surround the stack. As such, the Tuma reference does not disclose or suggest "a plurality of protrusions protruding toward said stack are provided on an inner surface of said stack container case such that front ends of said plurality of protrusions surround said stack, and said protrusions are exposed from a surface of the liquid coolant," as recited in claim 6, from which claims 7-10 depend.

For at least the reasons set forth above, Applicant respectfully submits that the Kususe, Aakalu and Tuma references, alone or in any combination, fail to disclose or suggest each and every feature of claims 7-10. Accordingly, Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration and withdrawal of the 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) rejection of claims 7-10.

V. Rejection of Claim 12 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a)

Claim 12 is rejected 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kususe in view of Aakalu and further in view of U.S. Patent No. 4,036,291 to Kobayashi et al. (hereafter "Kobayashi"). Applicant respectfully traverses the 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) rejection of claim 12 for the reasons set forth below.

Claim 12 depends from independent claim 6 and includes all of the features of claim 6.

For at least the reasons set forth above in connection with claim 6, Applicant respectfully submits that the Kususe and Aakalu references, alone or in any combination, fail to disclose or suggest each and every feature of claim 12.

The addition of the Kobayashi reference does not cure the shortcomings of the Kususe and Aakalu references in disclosing or suggesting the above feature of claim 12.

The Kobayashi reference discusses a coolant disposed in a vapor cooling container 10 which changes from its liquid phase 12 to its vapor phase 26 due to heat generated in a semiconductor element 16. The coolant in its vapor phase 25 is upwardly moved through the connection tube 24 into the condenser 22. Within the condenser 22, the coolant in its vapor phase is condensed into its liquid phase and then drops into the reservoir portion 42. On the other hand, the liquid coolant 12 continuously boils within each of the coolant containers 10 while at the same time the coolant in its liquid phase 12 from the reservoir portion 42 is downwardly passed through the associated auxiliary tube 32 as shown at the arrow 44, until it enters the individual cooling container 10 to replenish the liquid coolant in the latter.

However, the Kobayashi reference does not disclose or suggest a plurality of protrusions provided on an inner surface of a stack container case such that front ends of the protrusions surround the stack. As such, the Kobayashi reference does not disclose or suggest "a plurality of protrusions protruding toward said stack are provided on an inner surface of said stack container case such that front ends of said plurality of protrusions surround said stack, and said protrusions are exposed from a surface of the liquid coolant," as recited in claim 6, from which claim 12 depends.

For at least the reasons set forth above, Applicant respectfully submits that the Kususe, Aakalu and Kobayashi references, alone or in any combination, fail to disclose or suggest each and every feature of claim 12. Accordingly, Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration and withdrawal of the 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) rejection of claim 12.

CONCLUSION

In view of the foregoing arguments, Applicant believes that the pending application is in condition for allowance. Should the Examiner feel that a teleconference would expedite the prosecution of this application, the Examiner is urged to contact the Applicant's attorney at (617) 227-7400.

Any fee due is authorized to be charged to our Deposit Account No. 12-0080, under Order No. TOW-151US from which the undersigned is authorized to draw. If a requisite petition does not accompany this response, the undersigned hereby petitions under 37 C.F.R. § 1.136(a) for an extension of time for as many months as are required to render this submission timely.

Dated: August 10, 2009 Respectfully submitted,

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